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MULTIMEDIA UNIVERSITY

FINAL EXAMINATION

TRIMESTER 2, 2019/2020

BSP2014 – INTRODUCTION TO APPLIED PROBABILITY AND STOCHASTIC PROCESSES

(All sections / Groups.)

05 MARCH 2020 2.30 p.m. – 4.30 p.m. (2 Hours)

INSTRUCTIONS TO STUDENTS

- 1. This question paper consists of **FIVE** (5) printed pages inclusive of the cover page and formulae sheet.
- 2. Answer ALL four questions in the answer booklet provided.
- 3. Students are allowed to use authorized calculators by lecturer only.
- 4. Marks are shown at the end of each question.

Question 1 [20 marks]

- a) Andy plays a game against Danny according to the following rules: Each of them starts with \$10. From a deck of 52 playing cards, a card is randomly drawn with replacement for each game. If a card of Jack, Queen, King or Ace is drawn, then Andy wins \$1 from the Danny, else the Danny wins \$1 from Andy. The game continues until either player has no more money.
 - i) What is the probability that the gambler wins?

[6 marks]

ii) What will be the expected duration of the game?

[4 marks]

- b) Given that cars passing the Sunway toll with the rate of 3 per minute starting from 7am.
 - i) Find the probability that it takes less than 1.5 minutes to have 3 cars passing the toll. [7 marks]
 - ii) Find the probability that time between 2 cars passing the toll is at least 2 minutes.

[3 marks]

Question 2 [20 marks]

- a) At an outpatient mental health clinic, appointment cancellations occur at the rate of 1.5 per day.
 - i) What is the probability that one cancellation on a particular Wednesday?

[2 marks]

- ii) What is the probability that at least 3 cancellations a week given that the clinic is closed during weekend? [10 marks]
- b) At one hotel in KL, the time spent by customers waiting for an elevator follows a uniform distribution between 0 and 3.5 minutes.
 - i) Find the probability that a customer waits less than 2 minutes.

[4 marks]

ii) Find the probability that a customer waits more than 150 seconds.

[4 marks]

Continued...

Question 3 [30 marks]

a) Given a random variable X has the following probability mass function:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{4} & ; & x = 10, 15, 20, 25 \\ 0 & ; & otherwise \end{cases}$$

i) Find mean and E (X²).
ii) Find the moment generating function of X.

[5 marks] [4 marks]

iii) Verify the mean value using moment generating function.

[5 marks]

b) Let the joint pdf of (X,Y) be given by

$$f(x, y) = 25e^{-5y}$$
 for $0 < x < 0.2$ and $y > 0$.

i) Find the marginal pdf for X and Y.

[10 marks]

ii) Find E(XY).

[6 marks]

Question 4 [30 marks]

Consider a Markov chain with state {1, 2} and transition probability matrix

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} 0.45 & 0.55 \\ 0.2 & 0.8 \end{bmatrix}$$

a) Draw the transition diagram.

[5 marks]

b) Determine for every state whether it is absorbing.

[5 marks]

c) Determine for each state whether it is transient or persistent.

[20 marks]

End of Page

FORMULAE

A. PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTION

Bernoulli Probability Distribution

$$P(X=x)=p^xq^{1-x}$$

for
$$x = 0, 1$$

Binomial Probability Distribution

$$P(X=x)={}^{n}C_{x} p^{x} q^{n-x}$$

for
$$x = 0, 1, ..., n$$

Poisson Probability Distribution

$$P(X=x) = \frac{e^{-\lambda}\lambda^x}{x!}$$

for
$$x = 0, 1, 2,$$

Geometric Probability Distribution

$$P(X=x)=pq^{x-1}$$

for
$$x = 1, 2,$$

Uniform Probability Distribution

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{b-a}$$

for
$$a < x < b$$

Exponential Probability Distribution

$$f(x) = \lambda e^{-\lambda x}$$

for
$$x > 0$$

B. MOMENT

kth. Moment about the origin of X:

$$\mu'_{k} = E[X^{k}]$$

Moment Generating Function for X:

$$M_X(t) = E(e^{tx})$$

C. STOCHASTIC PROCESS

Simple Random Walk:

$$P(X_n = m) = {n \choose n+m \choose 2} p^{\left(\frac{n+m}{2}\right)} q^{\left(\frac{n-m}{2}\right)}$$
 where m and n are both even or both odd.

$$E(X_n) = n(p-q)$$
; $Var(X_n) = 4npq$

Gambler's Ruin Problem

$$P_{a} = \begin{cases} \frac{\left(\frac{q}{p}\right)^{a} - \left(\frac{q}{p}\right)^{c}}{1 - \left(\frac{q}{p}\right)^{c}}, & p \neq q \\ 1 - \left(\frac{q}{p}\right)^{c}, & p \neq q \end{cases}$$

$$; P_{a} + P_{b} = 1$$

$$1 - \frac{a}{c}, p = q$$

$$D_{a} = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{q-p} \left\{ a - c \left[\frac{1 - \left(\frac{q}{p} \right)^{a}}{1 - \left(\frac{q}{p} \right)^{c}} \right] \right\} & , \quad p \neq q \\ \\ a(c-a) & , \quad p = q \end{cases}$$

D. POISSON PROCESS

Pmf for N(t):

$$P\{N(t)=n\}=\frac{e^{-\lambda t}(\lambda t)^n}{n!}$$

Pdf for Tn:

$$f(t) = \lambda e^{-\lambda t}$$

$$f(t) = \lambda e^{-\lambda t}$$

$$f(t) = \frac{\lambda e^{-\lambda t} (\lambda t)^{n-1}}{(n-1)!}$$

CCY

